vivorce & Remarriage Scriptures

www.DivorceAndRemarriageBook.com, Josiahs@TrueConnection.org

Adulterers Will Not Go to Heaven

Exo 20:14/ Deu 5:18; Lev 20:10; Deu 22:22-24; Pro 2:16-19; 6:23-33; Jer 5:7-9; 29:21-23; Eze 23:43-47; Mal 3:5-6; Mat 5:27-32; 19:9, 16, 18/ Mar 10:17, 19/ Luk 18:18, 20; 1Co 6:9-10; Gal 5:16-21; Heb 13:4; Rev 2:22-23... etc. Also see: Mat 15:19; Mar 7:21; Rom 13:9-10; Jas 2:11-12; 2Pe 2:14, 17-22

Divorce and Remarriage Is Adultery

| 1 | Mat 5:27-32 | \leftarrow λόγου πορνείας – lit. a word of prostitution | | |
|---|--------------|---|----------------------|--|
| 2 | Mat 19:3-10 | ↓ | ν. 9 – πορνεία | ← ↑ M. 5 : logou porneias: |
| 3 | Mar 10:2 | (A | dso Mal 2:11, 13-16) | the same terminology |
| 4 | Luk 16:16-18 | ı | 1Co 7:10-11 | in Deu 22:20, 21 |
| 5 | Rom 7:2-3 | 7 | 1Co 7:39 | M. 19 : defined by v. 4-6 (see v. 10) |

Repent & Return to the First

Mosaic Law: Dut 24:1-4 → Amended: Jer 3:1-22; Mal 2:14; Mat 5:31-32; 19: 8-9a Put Away Forbidden Wives: Ezr 10:3-44; Mat 14:3-4; Luk 16:15-18 Return: Jer 3:1-22; Hos 2:7-8; David and Jesus' Return: 1Sam 18:20-27; 25:44 → 2Sam 3:14-16; 6:16-23; Jer 3:1-22; Mal 2:11, 14, 16; [and compare: Ps 51:16-17; Heb 10:5-9; 1Sam 21:3-6; Mat 12:1-8; Jn 5:18]

More Passages & Other Issues

The First Marriage: Gen 2:23-24; Mat 19:5-6/ Mar 10:7; Eph 5:31 What is falsely called "the Pauline Exception": 1Co 7:12 & 15, But → *v.10-11 & 39*. The word "δεδουλωται" (in 1Co 7:15, also v. 21-23) is never used for marriage even once in whole Bible: Acts 7:6; Rom. 6:18, 22; 1Co 7:15; 9:19; Gal. 4:3; Tit. 2:3; 2Pe. 2:19; —"δεδεται" (1Cor 7:39) is the Bible word for being "bound into one flesh," as it is also used in Rom 7:2, but not in what is falsely called "the Pauline Exception" (1Co 7:12 & 15)

1Co_7:10-11 CAB Now to those who have married I command, yet not I, but the Lord [commanded in Mat 19:6]: A wife is not to be separated from her husband-- 11 and even if she does separate [ἐὰν δὲ καὶ χωρισθῆ – separation has happened to her – the Greek is in the "Passive Voice"], let her remain unmarried or be reconciled to her husband-- and a husband is not to divorce his wife.

Luk 16:18 CAB Everyone who divorces his wife and marries another commits adultery; and everyone who marries a woman who is divorced from her husband commits adultery.

1Co 6:9-10 Jos.Trans. Do not be deceived: neither male prostitutes [i.e. fornicators]... nor <u>adulterers</u>... will inherit the kingdom of God.

Marriage Scriptures

www.DivorceAndRemarriageBook.com, Josiahs@TrueConnection.org

One Flesh Is Permanent - For Life!

Mal 2:13-16; Mat 19:5-6; Mar 10:7; Rom 7:2; 1Cor 7:39; Eph 5:31; Isa 22:22

Marriage Applies to Everyone

| 1 | Gen 4:16-17 | 6 | 1King 16:30-31; 21:5, 7, 25 |
|---|--------------|----|--------------------------------|
| 2 | Gen 4:19 | 7 | Dan 6:24 |
| 3 | Gen 12:18-19 | 8 | Mat 14:1-4 |
| 4 | Gen 20 | 9 | Mat 27:19 |
| 5 | Gen 39:9 | 10 | Luk 17:27 |

Only Divorce for Betrothal-Fornication Before Marriage

Deu 22 addresses betrothal-fornication (i.e. <u>before</u> marriage), and Mat 5:32 uses the same terminology for the only exception allowing divorce:

Deu 22:20-21 - "<u>λόγος</u>...ἐκ<u>πορνε</u>ῦσαι" (LXX, Greek O.T.) Mat 5:32 - "<u>λόγο</u>υ <u>πορνε</u>ῖας" (GNT, Greek N.T.)

Deu 22 allows for divorce during betrothal <u>before</u> marriage, and Matthew refers to this before ever giving an exception clause (see: Mat 1:18-19—5:32—Jon 8:41).

General Betrothal Examples

Deu 22:14-24; Joel 1:8;

GOD'S Betrothal to His People

Jer 2:32; 3:1-22 (God temporarily divorced <u>during betrothal</u>); Mat 25:10; 26:27; 2Co 11:2; etc.

Betrothal-fornication Clearly Distinguished from Adultery Hos 4:13-14; Mat 19:10; 15:19, Mar 7:21; Gal 5:19; etc.

1Co_7:39 <u>CAB</u> A wife has been bound by law as long as her husband lives; but if her husband also dies, she is free [ἐλευθέρα – lit. she is a loosed person] to be married to whom she desires, only in the Lord.

Rom 7:2-3 <u>CAB</u> For the woman who is under a man has been bound by law to the living husband. But if the husband should die, she is released from the law of the husband. 3 So then, <u>while the husband is living</u>, <u>she will be called an adulteress</u> if she becomes *married* to a different husband; but if her husband should die, she is free from the law, so that she is not an adulteress, having become *married* to a different husband.